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A Survey: IOT Based Home Security and Automation System

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Abstract

Advance in knowledge from last few decades opens doors to various threats to human and his environments. Individuals with the progression in security had taken numerous measures to control the bullying for protecting their properties. From time to time numerous interruption finding systems conventional for earmark intruders from home environment and provide tangible benefits to users, but can also expose users to significant security risk. Smart home security system is gaining popularity for industry, government, and academia as well as for distinct that has the potential to bring significant private, specialized and economic benefits. This paper signifies smart home security system and response rapidly to alarm incidents and has a friendly user interface. Special emphasis is placed on the experimental security analysis of such developing smart home platform by separating into two case scenarios. The paper will conclude by discussing future perspective and challenges associated with the development of security system for home

Keywords: Internet of Things (IoT), Security, Sensor, Smart home automation.

I. INTRODUTION

Internet presentation advance demand is very high. So Internet of Things [IoT] is a major skill by which we can produce many valuable internet solicitations. IoT is a network in which all somatic objects are allied to the internet through network devices or routers and exchange data. IoT allows objects to be well-ordered distantly across existing network substructure. IoT is very good and intelligent technique which diminishes human effort as well as easy access to physical devices [1].

This technique also has independent control feature

by which any device can switch without any human communication. **"Things"** in the IoT means, the "Things" can refer to a wide diversity of devices such as

DNA analysis devices for conservational monitoring,

electric clamps in coastal waters, household automation and various other. These strategies pleat useful data with the benefit of various prevailing technologies and transfer that data between other devices [3][4].

IOT Categories:

- Sensing
- Computing
- Communicating
- Actuating
- Security
- Privacy
- Companies & Products

II. SMART HOME SECURITY

A smart home security system links to your Wi-Fi network so you can screen and regulate your security devices using your smart phone and an application [4].

A. Objectives

The main goal of the functions is to patch the quality of life and accessibility in the home. Other boxes are superior security and more effectual use of energy thanks to coupled, remote-controllable devices. Home appliances, such as the washing machine, lights or the coffee maker, can be time-controlled.

B. Categories of Smart Home

- Smart blinds or shutters
- Alarm system
- Motion sensors for doors and windows
- Smart detectors
- IP camera
- Access control (digital keys)
- Smart door bell
- Smoke alarm
- Air quality detectors

III. HOME AUTOMATION

The smart home is also parroted as Home automation, with the use of various technologies, to make the internal activities more convenient, cost-effective, comfortable and protected. The main components of home automation system are as follows: User Interface: Devices or Appliances that can give Vol. 6 No. 3(December, 2021)

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directions to control a system such as a monitor, computer or a phone. Mode of communication technology: **wired connections** (e.g. Ethernet, Power Line Communication, and Multimedia over Coax) or **Wireless connections** (Radio waves, Bluetooth, GSM, Wi-Fi, Z-Wave, EnOcean,) etc. **Controller**: It is a hardware boundary that communicates with user interface to control the home electrical appliances. **Electronic Devices**: A home electrical appliances like bulb, an AC or a heater, which is apt with the communication mode, and connected to the important control system [1] [2].

A. FEATURES OF HOME AUTOMATION SYSTEM

In modern years, wireless systems like Remote Control have become more common in home networking. Also in automation systems, the use of wireless technologies provide several benefits that could not be attained with the use of a wired network only. Installation cost is reduced. In this system no cabling is needed so installation costs are basically reduced. Wired systems assist cabling, yet the material utilized for wires and the skillful establishment about cables (e.g. into walls, underground) may be exclusive. System is easy to accessible and extent.

Due to the use of wireless network. It is easy to grade our network according to varying obligation of the system, instead of wired installations, in which cabling extension is dull. Home automation is very flexible: All the operations are combined at a time like switching on the bulb (lights) and they even control the music system. All these operations could a gamble to be completed ahead a solitary try.

It is highly effective. It is turning into simpler to decrease that power bill by utilizing the pro-active based home-automated appliances. It is less time consuming: Home automation makes the work relaxed in a way that the work will be finished with the less time.

It is also called Assistive Domestics: It focuses mainly on making it probable for the elderly and disabled to remain at home, safe and easy [5].



Fig.1. Features of Home Automation

B. CHALLENGES IN HOME AUTOMATION

The smart Home Automation challenges are as follows:

(i). Reliability:

For home automation to prosper, creators ought to location deliberation in regards the reliability for sensible devices compared with early home appliances and equipments. If

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connected devices don't have similar practicality with precursor appliance, they might generate a reinstatement classification of issues, such as how to guarantee service stability within the event of a sudden collapse or service disappointment. A large-scale service outage is one factor; however a connected device or home automation merchandiser is furthermore at the kindness of the consumer's broadband connection. If your product cannot drop back to some lower normal of helpful practicality once an web association may be unavailable, the consumer's valuation for your product are injured when their net connection has issue. This makes an huge third-party reliance for sensible device companies.

(ii). Date Collection and Use:

Many connected home and smart products trust on value propositions that must aid to some degree around innovative functionality, and in part about the 'smarter' utilization of properties. In place should accomplish this, data flows between the devices and servers functioned by the device providers, between devices, and to from the consumer's keen phone or computer. This generates opportunities to collect information that may be used to advance the service, or be analyzed by marketers to study regarding consumers' habits to create and cultivate existing relationships.

(iii). Data transformation and integration:

Those developing 'connected home' implies that massive numbers related professions, for example, locksmith, heating engineer and electrician, need to deliberate putting software at the heart of their businesses and transforming themselves into digital earners to keep up with the market. These specialists still represent key intermediaries for consumer adoptions about major installation projects. Vendors that see this, Furthermore provide software tools which can be deployed to interrelate with particular products, are more likely to turnover from the goodwill generated in the specialized community. Another aspect to consider is calibration and the ability to connect systems/devices from other manufacturers.

(iv). Liability:

Solutions to smart device difficulties often come in the form of updates and patches, which aren't continuously entirely dependable. Creators also need to bear in mind that not all consumers will transfer apprises as they become accessible, leading to 'version lag' as devices continue to run older software. In addition to making support challenges for vendors, this could leave devices vulnerable to dose. All of this creates a composite situation from a product liability perspective, as the device being used at any given point may function very differently to the device the consumer major bought. Since many connected devices need an ongoing facility component from the vendor to program, the consumer fronting T&Cs associated with a service are one way for manufacturers to try to limit and exclude liability. Those capability of this methodology will differ by authority, and the law is possible will venture in with render exclusions or limitations illegal in influences with a more protective attitude to consumer privileges. Where the relevant manufacturer has partnered with another device manufacturer or platform provider, these types of liability issues might be inclined in the agreements that legislate the commercial association. In large number of belongings, where manufacturers just follow a distributed standard for device collaboration, interchangeably use a recorded government sponsored API, liabilities will a chance

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to be clearly delineated, and dealers will have to proceed on the supposition that they might tolerate a significant and only those threat regardless of there are external elements involved [2][4].

IV. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN

A. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The read switch is opened which causes the Elegoo board to send a Radio Frequency (RF) signal from its transmitter to the RF receiver located on the Raspberry Pi 2. The Raspberry Pi then sends an HTTP POST request to a RESTFUL web server that is set up in the cloud. This web server then either pushes information, or receives GET requests from an Android application to allow the end user to view the door open events by date and time. All libraries mentioned in the following sections are open source [1].



Fig.2. System Architecture

V. CONCLUSION

The IOTs based home security and automation is very beneficial for isolated users. Any home can be monitored and controlled by using the prototype employed in this paper. This IOTs based system is the building block of all internets. Based varied applications. The system established in this paper is cost effective explanation of IOT applications. The segments used in its creation are light, cool to use and cost effective. It also enables easy process and quick access of information. It enables user to right of enter file by computer anywhere in the world. It extends internet efficiency gain to things not just to people as more data is generated by things than just by people. It is a prototype which provides dependable, cost effective and well-organized IOT applications solution to the whole ecosphere i.e.; our system is valid on other many things, some of them are stated below:

- Healthcare organization to screen the health of the persistent.
- Mass intensive care
- Road trafficadministration in terms of intelligent transportation system and to enhance the pathway.
- Substructure monitoring to monitor the construction

infrastructure to avoid any threat and to maintain the building.

- Water organization system to check the quality of water and
- its leakage and additional such terms.
- SCADA system to monitor the grid location.
- Surveillance system.
- Surroundings monitoring system to monitor the noise pollution or air pollution etc.

• Keen Greenhouse system to control its constraints through web.

There are various other fields in which we can custom IOTs to modify that field and make it a field termed smart field.

VI. FUTURE WORK

Fingerprint security system, RFUD-enabled door system, Power by solar system, automatic cutoff between solar and main power, Connection to a smart parking system, Data analytics-appliance usage.

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